

www.CHROMagar.com

● CHROMagar™
VRE



● CHROMagar™
KPC



● CHROMagar™
MRSA



● CHROMagar™
ESBL

CHROMagar solutions
Drug resistant bacteria
Detection & Surveillance

CHR  **Magar**
The Chromogenic Media Pioneer

Fast and accurate detection of bacteria expressing acquired drug resistance is a keystone in both, the therapeutic treatment success and, the control of their epidemic spread. Microbiology detection procedures based on classical culture media used to involve many tedious manipulation steps and long time responses, making large scale screening and surveillance almost unworkable, specially in a period where squeezed budgets, cuts and shortening in manpower are sought in the healthcare re-organisation.

CHROMagar introduced a revolution in this field in 2002, with the first chromogenic medium for the detection of Methicillin Resistant *Staphylococcus aureus*: CHROMagar™ MRSA. This medium lead to such significant reductions in both, the response time and laboratory workload, that it allowed an absolutely necessary wide-scale patient screening.

The CHROMagar commitment to maintain the innovation effort has lead to a wide range of **chromogenic culture media** specially designed for the **detection of drug and multi-drug resistant** bacteria, after overnight incubation, directly from clinical specimens or surveillance cultures.

A CDC report estimates that *“the annual direct hospital cost of treating HAI (Hospital Acquired Infections) ranges from \$28.4 billion to \$45 billion, and that improving infection control could save roughly \$6 billion to \$32 billion”* March 2009

CHR  **Magar**
The Chromogenic Media Pioneer

Detection of gram negative bacteria with a reduced susceptibility to most of carbapenem agents.

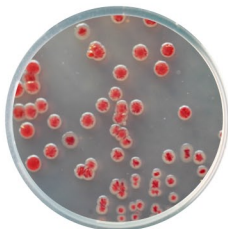
CHROMagar™ KPC



Carbapenems are one of the last options to treat severe infections. Thus, the worldwide spread of carbapenem-hydrolyzing beta-lactamases represents an important threat for effectiveness of antibiotics in the near future. CHROMagar™ KPC was designed for the detection of gram-negative bacteria harbouring reduced susceptibility to most of the carbapenem agents.

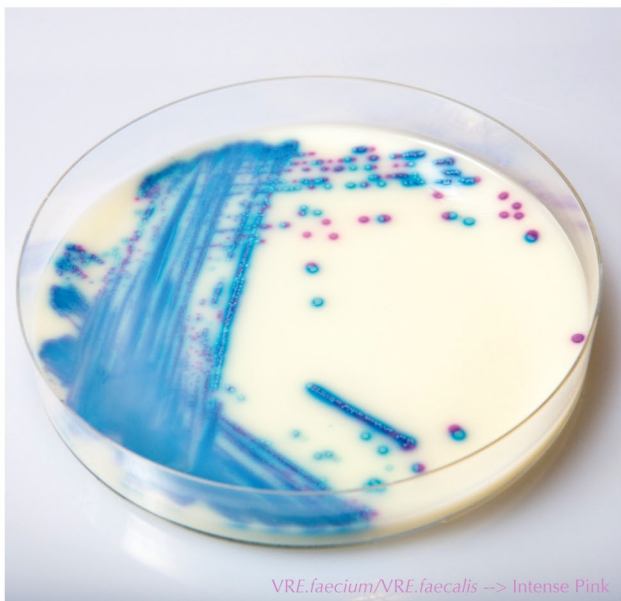
Detection of *Acinetobacter*

CHROMagar™ **Acinetobacter**



Acinetobacter is an organism that has a high capacity for survival on environmental surfaces. Its ability to acquire antimicrobial resistance is a cause of increased concern for nosocomial infections. In hospitals, *Acinetobacter baumannii*, for instance, can enter into the body through open wounds, catheters, and breathing tubes.

Any effective infection control policy should include a faecal surveillance. CHROMagar™ Acinetobacter is a tool specifically designed to facilitate this step, by allowing its growth **in an intense red colony colour.**



VRE.faecium/VRE.faecalis --> Intense Pink

Detection of ESBL- producing gram negative bacteria.

CHROMagar™ ESBL



ESBL comprise a group of enzymes conferring resistance to a wide range of β -lactams, including the most recently developed cephalosporins and monobactams, thus limiting therapeutic options. ESBL enzymes are plasmid mediated, which explains their fast spread among different bacteria.

CHROMagar™ ESBL was developed with the aim to allow for their detection after overnight incubation, with two additional features: (1) species differentiation by the colony colour: *E.coli* in red, *Klebsiella* in blue, (2) inhibition of most AmpC producers (common false positives in traditional methods).

Detection of Methicillin Resistant *Staphylococcus aureus*

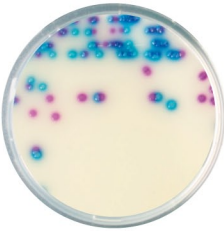
CHROMagar™ MRSA



Since 2002, CHROMagar™ MRSA is the first chromogenic weapon in the nosocomial infections war.

Detection of Vancomycin Resistant *Enterococci*

CHROMagar™ VRE



When *E.faecalis* or *E.faecium* show reduced susceptibility to Vancomycin it is because they have acquired this resistance, usually a gene in a plasmid or a transposon. Therefore, to avoid the spread of this resistance to more virulent pathogens (*S.aureus*, for instance) it is crucial to promptly detect the presence of any of these two species in the patient, and accurately differentiate them from other *Enterococci*.

CHROMagar™ VRE is designed to allow the growth of Vancomycin resistant *E.faecium* and *E.faecalis* as mauve colonies, while other bacteria's growth will be inhibited or as blue colonies.

Visit our website
www.CHROMagar.com

CHROMagar Solutions for Drug Resistant bacteria Detection & Surveillance

CHROMagar™ Acinetobacter
CHROMagar™ ESBL
CHROMagar™ KPC
CHROMagar™ MRSA
CHROMagar™ VRE



● Intense
Colours



● Highly
Sensitive



● Rapid
& Accurate

Ask your local distributor for more information

CHR Magar

The Chromogenic Media Pioneer
Paris, France.

Email: CHROMagar@CHROMagar.com

Manufacturer: CHROMagar 4 place du 18 juin 1940 75006 Paris - France

Email: CHROMagar@CHROMagar.com Tel +33 (0)1.45.48.05.05.

Website: www.CHROMagar.com - CHROMagar is a trademark of Dr A. Rambach

For more information about our products, please refer to our website / Technical Documents.